

L. BARATON - ENGIE Lab CRIGEN

06/12/2019 - EuroNanoForum - Bucharest





ENGIE TODAY

€65 bn





Business activities in around

70 countries

155,000 employees worldwide



24 million customers worldwide



102.7 GW of installed electricity generation capacity





growth investments over 2016-2018 including €1 billion in innovation and digital

WE'VE IDENTIFIED A NEW WAVE IN THE ENERGY TRANSITION LED BY LOCAL AUTHORITIES AND CORPORATES





EMERGENT MATERIALS: A DEFINITION

Materials can be defined by two main properties:

- Composition: elementary composition of the material
- Shape: Structuration of the material. This encompasses the meso and macrostructure of the material.

Innovation in both properties allows the development of new functionalities.

Emergent materials are mainly linked to the discovery and mastering of innovative and disruptive building blocks as well as techniques that allow their manufacturing and implementation in applications.

FROM EMERGING MATERIALS TO CUSTOMERS



- Fundamental identification
- Fundamental manufacturing & implementation

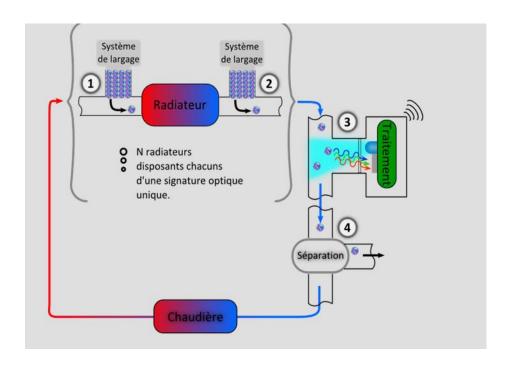
Object

- Materials large scale manufacturing & recycling
- Object supply chain & recycling

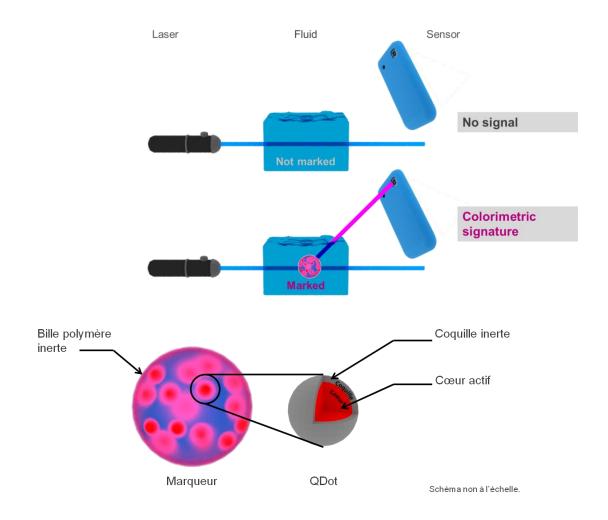
Usage

- Technology deployment (& acceptation)
- Technology operation & maintenance

EMERGENT MATERIALS @ ENGIE RESEARCH 1/3 OD MATERIALS: QUANTUM DOTS AS FLOW AND THERMAL PROBES

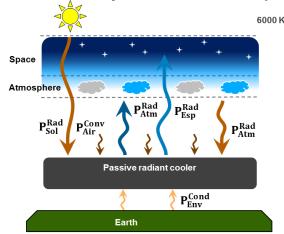


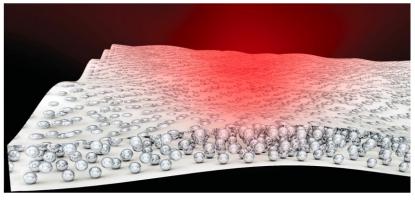
Particulate probes containing QDots are used in a local heating system to characterize flow and energy consumption.



EMERGENT MATERIALS @ ENGIE RESEARCH 2/3 THIN FILMS & COATINGS: CYGNUS

- Hybrid materials can radiate infrared in the atmosphere transparency window (8-13µ). Once insulated from surrounding heat (air & radiations), this material cools down.
- Enables passive dry cooling
- Enabled by micro/nanoparticles embedded in low-cost materials.





Zhai, Y. *et al.* Scalable-manufactured randomized glass-polymer hybrid metamaterial for daytime radiative cooling. *Science* **355**, 1062–1066 (2017).



Embedded resonant polar dielectric microspheres randomly in a polymeric matrix, resulting in a metamaterial that is fully transparent to the solar spectrum while having an infrared emissivity greater than 0.93 across the atmospheric window. When backed with a silver coating, the metamaterial shows a noontime radiative cooling power of 93 watts per square metre under direct sunshine.

Contact: G. Levaufre – ENGIE Lab Nano

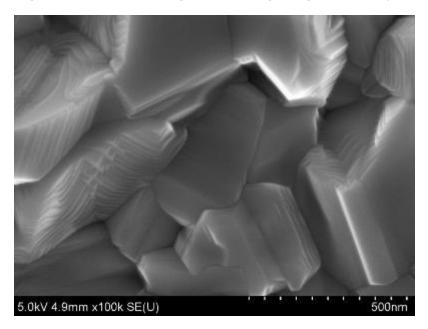
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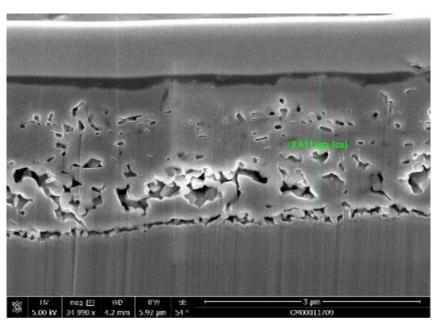
EMERGENT MATERIALS @ ENGIE RESEARCH 2/3 THIN FILMS & COATINGS: NANOH2

 Photocatylitic thin films (few microns thick) with a nanostructured surface.

Mastering of manufacturing processes and characterizations

(composition, shape and properties).







UV light

Electricity

EU INVOLVEMENT: SUNRISE



11 ENGIE

EU INVOLVEMENT: SUNRISE



12 ENGIE

MATERIALS OUTLOOKS @ ENGIE RESEARCH

- Acoustic damping for windmills (suppression of the "WOUF" effect).
- Insulating materials (aerogels, biosourced insulator) Lab Future Buildings
- Refractory materials Lab Future Industry
- Gaz storage in mesoporous material (Prodia H2020 project) Lab Biogas Biomass + Lab H₂
- Ceramics for SOFC and SOEC

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